



链滴

router history 模式

作者: [dynastyning](#)

原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1681199649598>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

vue router history 怎么写

我们能做的 配置 404 页面

@Vue Router

```
const router = createRouter({
  history: createWebHistory(),
  routes: [{ path: '/:pathMatch(.*)', component: NotFoundComponent }],
})
```

@vue history 模式 Nginx 配置

@ 关于 vue 项目 history 模式的笔记

nginx.conf

```
#user nobody;
worker_processes 1;

#error_log logs/error.log;
#error_log logs/error.log notice;
#error_log logs/error.log info;

#pid    logs/nginx.pid;

events {
    worker_connections 1024;
}

http {
    include    mime.types;
    default_type application/octet-stream;

    #log_format main '$remote_addr - $remote_user [$time_local] "$request" '
    #           '$status $body_bytes_sent "$http_referer" '
    #           '"$http_user_agent" "$http_x_forwarded_for"';

    #access_log logs/access.log main;

    sendfile    on;
    #tcp_nopush  on;

    #keepalive_timeout 0;
    keepalive_timeout 65;

    #gzip on;

    server {
        listen    80;
        server_name localhost;
```

```
#charset koi8-r;

#access_log logs/host.access.log main;

location / {
    # root html;
    # index index.html index.htm;
    # index //index.html;
    try_files $uri $uri/ /xcx-h5/index.html;
}

#error_page 404      /404.html;

# redirect server error pages to the static page /50x.html
#
error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
location = /50x.html {
    root html;
}
location = / {
    proxy_pass https://zpws.xyz/; # 或 http://www.baidu.com
    proxy_set_header Host $proxy_host;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
}

# proxy the PHP scripts to Apache listening on 127.0.0.1:80
#
# location ^~ /api/ {
#     proxy_pass http://192.168.100.20:80/api/;
#     proxy_set_header Host $http_host; #后台可以获取到完整的ip+端口号
#     proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr; #后台可以获取到用户访问的真实ip地址
# }
# location ~ \.php$ {
#     proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1;
# }

# pass the PHP scripts to FastCGI server listening on 127.0.0.1:9000
#
#location ~ \.php$ {
#    root html;
#    fastcgi_pass 127.0.0.1:9000;
#    fastcgi_index index.php;
#    fastcgi_param SCRIPT_FILENAME /scripts$fastcgi_script_name;
#    include fastcgi_params;
#}

# deny access to .htaccess files, if Apache's document root
# concurs with nginx's one
#
#location ~ /\.ht {
#    deny all;
#}
```

```

}

# another virtual host using mix of IP-, name-, and port-based configuration
#
#server {
#  listen  8000;
#  listen  somename:8080;
#  server_name somename alias another.alias;

#  location / {
#    root  html;
#    index index.html index.htm;
#  }
#}

# HTTPS server
#
#server {
#  listen  443 ssl;
#  server_name localhost;

#  ssl_certificate  cert.pem;
#  ssl_certificate_key cert.key;

#  ssl_session_cache  shared:SSL:1m;
#  ssl_session_timeout  5m;

#  ssl_ciphers  HIGH:!aNULL:!MD5;
#  ssl_prefer_server_ciphers  on;

#  location / {
#    root  html;
#    index index.html index.htm;
#  }
#}

}

server {
  listen      8040; ← 端口号
  server_name localhost;

  #charset koi8-r;

  #access_log  logs/host.access.log  main;

  location / {
    root      D:/nginx-1.22.0/html/dist;
    index     index.html index.htm;
    try_files $uri $uri/ /index.html; ← 文件路径
  }

  #error_page  404          /404.html; ← 解决单页面
  #error_page  404          /404.html; ← 404问题

  # redirect server error pages to the static page /50x.html
  #
  error_page   500 502 503 504  /50x.html;
}

```

□