



链滴

Eureka 添加安全验证的两种方式其一：使用 Spring Security(2022 最新版本)

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原文链接：<https://ld246.com/article/1672374544516>

来源网站：[链滴](#)

许可协议：[署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

原文发布于：[Eureka添加安全验证的两种方式其一：使用Spring Security\(2022最新版本\)](#)，欢迎使用[SS订阅](#)获取最新更新。

1. 使用Spring Security

已有做好的demo，大家可以自取,链接：<https://github.com/MingGH/demo-eureka-server-auth>

这里代码使用的依赖版本如下

spring-boot-starter-parent	3.0.1
spring-cloud.version	2022.0.0
java.version	17

开始我们的步骤

1.1 pom.xml中添加spring security的依赖

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

1.2 yaml配置中添加登录和接口请求需要的账号密码

```
server:
  port: 5005

spring:
  application:
    name: demo-eureka-server-auth
  security:
    user:
      name: develop # 账号
      password: develop # 密码
  eureka:
    instance:
      hostname: localhost
      appname: ${spring.application.name}
    server:
      enable-self-preservation: true
      eviction-interval-timer-in-ms: 4000
    client:
      registerWithEureka: true # 这里我设置为true是因为把当前项目也注册到注册中心，就省了新建一个client项目
      fetchRegistry: false
      service-url:
        defaultZone: http://${spring.security.user.name}:${spring.security.user.password}@${eurek.getInstance.hostname}:${server.port}/eureka #这里有更改的，对应的内容是: http://develop:devlop@localhost:5005/eureka
    environment: dev
```

在上述配置中需要注意的几个配置，

- `spring.security.user`账号密码
- `eureka.client.registerWithEureka=true` 这里我设置为true是因为把当前项目也注册到注册中心，省了新建一个client项目
- `eureka.client.service-url.defaultZone=http://${spring.security.user.name}:${spring.security.user.password}@${eureka.instance.hostname}:${server.port}/eureka` 对 `defaultZone` [进行特殊配置是因为 `spring.security`] (`http://`进行特殊配置是因为`spring.security`) 需要账号密码才能授权请求到对应的接口

1.3 Spring Security关闭csrf

新建一个WebSecurityConfig, 注入spring容器中

```
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.web.SecurityFilterChain;

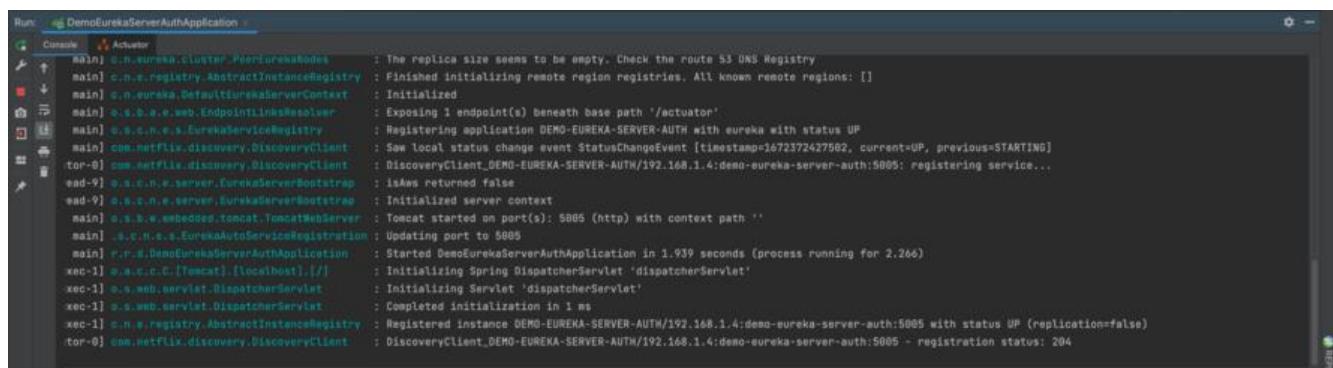
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class WebSecurityConfig {

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain filterChain(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        http.csrf().disable()
            .authorizeRequests()
            .anyRequest()
            .authenticated()
            .and()
            .httpBasic();
        return http.build();
    }
}
```

最后别忘了在启动类上加上注解: `@EnableEurekaServer`

1.4 测试效果

启动正常



从面板上看也是正常的，能够成功给自己注册

The screenshot shows the Spring Eureka dashboard. At the top, it displays "spring Eureka" and "HOME LAST 1000 SINCE STARTUP". Below this, the "System Status" section provides configuration details:

Environment	dev	Current time	2022-12-30T11:56:22 +0800
Data center	default	Uptime	00:02
		Lease expiration enabled	false
		Renews threshold	1
		Renews (last min)	0

The "DS Replicas" section lists registered instances:

Application	AMIs	Availability Zones	Status
DEMO-EUREKA-SERVER-AUTH	n/a (1)	(1)	UP (1) - 192.168.1.4:demo-eureka-server-auth:5005

The "General Info" section displays system metrics:

Name	Value
total-avail-memory	94mb
num-of-cpus	8
current-memory-usage	69mb (73%)
server-upptime	00:02
registered-replicas	
unavailable-replicas	

至此大功告成

1.5 参考以下内容

[【security】spring security放行不生效,security放行后还是被拦截，路径变成了/error](#)

[Spring Security without the WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter](#)