



链滴

# 挂件 Query 查询结果表自定义列宽

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1654217858234>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

有时查询字段显示内容较多，浏览拖动滚动条觉得不方便，需要限制列宽。找到一个变通方法，通过制内容长度来自定义列宽，以反链查询（链接ID20220311093846-z7I5g46）为例：

### 1、不限制列宽的代码示例：

```
SELECT
  '[' || a.content || '](siyuan://blocks/' || a.id || ')' AS __3__pre__链接内容,
  '[' || b.content || '](siyuan://blocks/' || b.id || ')' AS __2__pre__上级内容,
  '[' || c.content || '](siyuan://blocks/' || c.id || ')' AS __1__pre__文档
FROM
  blocks As a
  INNER JOIN blocks AS b ON a.parent_id = b.id
  INNER JOIN blocks AS c ON a.root_id = c.id
WHERE
  (
    (a.type = 'p' OR a.type = 'h') AND a.markdown LIKE '%20220311093846-z7I5g46%'
  )
ORDER BY
  a.hpath
```

### 2、限制列宽的代码示例：

```
SELECT
  '[' || (CASE
    WHEN length(a.content)>16 then substr(a.content,1,16)
    ELSE a.content
    END
  ) || '](siyuan://blocks/' || a.id || ')' AS __3__pre__链接内容,
  '[' || (CASE
    WHEN length(b.content)>16 then substr(b.content,1,16)
    ELSE b.content
    END
  ) || '](siyuan://blocks/' || b.id || ')' AS __2__pre__上级内容,
  '[' || (CASE
    WHEN length(c.content)>50 then substr(c.content,1,50)
    ELSE c.content
    END
  ) || '](siyuan://blocks/' || c.id || ')' AS __1__pre__文档
FROM
  blocks As a
  INNER JOIN blocks AS b ON a.parent_id = b.id
  INNER JOIN blocks AS c ON a.root_id = c.id
WHERE
  (
    (a.type = 'p' OR a.type = 'h') AND a.markdown LIKE '%20220311093846-z7I5g46%'
  )
ORDER BY
  a.hpath
```

参考：

[1]SQLite 常用函数

[2]sqlite截取字符串的函数使用实例

建议：思源能否让Sql函数象其他命令一样在代码块中高亮显示。