



链滴

# GitHub Action

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1588746808443>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)



## Workflow

GitHub Workflow就是git自带的CI服务

## Workflow文件

```
name: Greet Everyone
# 事件
on: [push]
# 工作集合
jobs:
  build:
    # 作业名称为 Greeting
    name: Greeting
    # 此作业在 Linux 上运行,runs-on选项一共就有几种类型
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      # 此步骤使用 GitHub 的 hello-world-javascript-action: https://github.com/actions/hello-w
      rld-javascript-action
      - name: Hello world
        uses: actions/hello-world-javascript-action@v1
        with:
          who-to-greet: 'Mona the Octocat'
          id: hello
      # 此步骤打印上一步操作的输出（时间）。
      - name: Echo the greeting's time
        run: echo 'The time was ${ steps.hello.outputs.time }.'
```

## 工作流程语法

## 工作流程语法原文

- name

工作流程的名称

- on

触发时机, [push](#), [pull\\_request](#), [create](#) [更多](#)

具有活动类型或配置的多个事件示例

on:

push:

branches:

# master分支发push请求时

- master

pull\_request:

branches:

# master分支pull\_request时

- master

page\_build:

release:

types:

- created

- on.<event\_name>.types

# 当release的published,created,edited事件被触发时

on:

release:

types: [published,created,edited]

- on.<push|pull\_request>.<brancheds|tags>

# 在这些分支和tag被push代码时触发

# ignore在这些分支和tag被push时不会触发

on:

push:

branches:

- master

- 'mona/octocat'

- 'releases/\*\*'

tags:

- v1

- v1.\*

branches-ignore:

- devp

- '\*\*-alpha'

tags-ignore:

- v2.\*

- on.<push|pull\_request>.paths

# 当有js被推送时触发

# 当docs下推送时不触发

```
on:
  push:
    paths:
      - '**.js'
    paths-ignore:
      - 'docs/**'
```

- on.schedule

[https://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/utilities/crontab.html#tag\\_2025\\_07](https://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/utilities/crontab.html#tag_2025_07) > POSIX cron </a>

```
# 每隔15分钟构建一次
on:
  schedule:
    - cron: '* /15 * * * *'
```

- env

```
env:
  SERVER: production
```

- jobs

工作流程运行包括一项或多项作业。作业默认是并行运行。要按顺序运行作业，您可以使用

- jobs.<job\_id>.(name)

```
jobs:
  my_first_job:
    name: MyfirstJob
  my_second_job:
    name: MysecondJob
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.needs

job的依赖关系

```
jobs:
  job1:
  job2:
    needs: job1
  job3:
    needs: [job1,job2]
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.runs-on

虚拟环境	YAML 工作流程标签
Windows Server 2019	<code>windows-latest</code> 或 <code>windows-2019</code>
Ubuntu 18.04	<code>ubuntu-latest</code> 或 <code>ubuntu-18.04</code>
Ubuntu 16.04	<code>ubuntu-16.04</code>
macOS Catalina 10.15	<code>macos-latest</code> 或 <code>macos-10.15</code>

runs-on : windows-latest

- jobs.<job\_id>.env

```
jobs:  
  job1:  
    env:  
      FIRST_NAME: mona
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.if
- jobs.<job\_id>.steps

为作业定义的变量在作业执行时将覆盖名称相同的工作流程变量。步骤可以运行命令、运行设置任务或者运行您的仓库、公共仓库中的操作或 Docker 注册表中发布的操作。并非所有步骤都会运行操作但所有操作都会作为步骤运行。

```
name: Greeting from Mona
```

```
on: push
```

```
jobs:  
  my-job:  
    name: My Job  
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest  
    steps:  
      - name: Print a greeting  
        env:  
          MY_VAR: Hi there! My name is  
          FIRST_NAME: Mona  
          MIDDLE_NAME: The  
          LAST_NAME: Octocat  
        run: |  
          echo $MY_VAR $FIRST_NAME $MIDDLE_NAME $LAST_NAME.
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.step2.uses

可以使用工作流程所在仓库中、公共仓库中或发布Docker容器镜像中定义的操作

```
jobs:  
  my_first_job:  
    steps:  
      - name: My first step  
        uses: actions/heroku@master  
      - name: My second step  
        uses: actions/aws@v2.0.1
```

```
jobs:  
  my_first_job:  
    steps:  
      - name: My first step  
        uses: docker://alpine:3.8
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.steps.run

使用shell,working-directory:指定命令的工作目录,shell指定cmd环境

```
- name: install dependencies and build
run: |
  npm ci
shell: bash
```

```
- name: Clean temp directory
run: rm -rf *
working-directory: ./temp
```

环境列表`

运行命令	shell	参数	描述	支持的平台
所有	bash			Linux / macOS
Windows 平台上回退到	sh		指定 Windows 上的 bash shell 时, 使用 Git for Windows 随附的 bash shell。	
	bash	--noprofile		
		-norc -eo pipefail {0}		
所有	pwsh			Windows
PowerShell Core。GitHub 将扩展名	.ps1		附加到您的脚本名称。	
	pwsh	-command "& '{0}'"		
所有	python			Linux / macOS
行 python 命令。	python	{0}		
	sh			Linux / macOS
提供 shell 且 在路径中找不到	bash		时的非 Windows 平台的后退行为。	
	sh	-e {0}		
所有	cmd			Windows
GitHub 将扩展名	.cmd		附加到您的脚本名称并替换 {0}。	
		%ComSpec% /D /E:ON /V:OFF /S /C "CALL "{0}""		
Windows	powershell			
是 Windows 上使用的默认 shell。Desktop PowerShell。GitHub 将扩展名	.ps1		附加到您的脚本名称。	
	powershell	-command "& '{0}'"		

- jobs.<job\_id>.steps.with

传入参数

```
# with传入了actions/hello_word@master操作所需要的三个参数,参数名称为first_name,middle_name,last_name
jobs:
  my_first_job:
    steps:
      - name: My first step
        uses: actions/hello_world@master
        with:
          first_name: Mona
          middle_name: The
          last_name: Octocat
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.steps.with.args

docker容器参数

steps:

- name: Explain why this job ran  
uses: monacorp/action-name@master  
with:  
  entrypoint: /bin/echo  
  args: The `${{ github.event_name }}` event triggered this step.

- `jobs.<job_id>.steps.with.entrypoint`

覆盖dockerfile中的 docker entrypoint

steps:

- name: Run a custom command  
uses: monacorp/action-name@master  
with:  
  entrypoint: /a/different/executable

- `jobs.<job_id>.steps.env`

设置整个工作流程或某个作业的环境变量。

公共操作可在自述文件中指定预期的环境变量。 如果要在环境变量中设置密码，必须使用 `secrets` 上文设置

steps:

- name: My first action  
env:  
  GITHUB\_TOKEN: `${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}`  
  FIRST\_NAME: Mona  
  LAST\_NAME: Octocat

- `jobs.<job_id>.steps.continue-on-error`

错误跳过

steps:

- continue-on-error: true
- name: My first action  
env:  
  GITHUB\_TOKEN: `${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}`  
  FIRST\_NAME: Mona  
  LAST\_NAME: Octocat

- `jobs.<job_id>.steps.timeout-minutes`

最大运行时间

- `jobs.<job_id>.strategy`

矩阵，比如 3\*3实际是9个任务

# 3\*1 3个任务，每个都会试

strategy:

- matrix:  
  node: [6, 8, 10]

steps:

```
# Configures the node version used on GitHub-hosted runners
- uses: actions/setup-node@v1
  with:
    # The Node.js version to configure
    node-version: ${{ matrix.node }}
```

```
# os和node全排列
runs-on: ${{ matrix.os }}
strategy:
  matrix:
    os: [ubuntu-16.04, ubuntu-18.04]
    node: [6, 8, 10]
steps:
- uses: actions/setup-node@v1
  with:
    node-version: ${{ matrix.node }}
```

添加额外的配置到矩阵中

```
# include 在os为windows-latest时且node为4时, npm为2
runs-on: ${{ matrix.os }}
strategy:
  matrix:
    os: [macos-latest, windows-latest, ubuntu-18.04]
    node: [4, 6, 8, 10]
  include:
    - os: windows-latest
      node: 4
      npm: 2
```

- `jobs.<job_id>.strategy.fail-fast`

任何matrix作业失败,取消所有进行中的作业,默认为true

- `jobs.<job_id>.strategy.max-parallel`

使用matrix作业策略时同时运行的最大作业数,默认情况下,github将最大并发运行的作业数量

```
strategy:
  max-parallel: 2
```

- `jobs.<job_id>.container`

用于运行作业中尚未指定容器的任何步骤的容器。

```
jobs:
  my_job:
    container:
      image: node:10.16-jessie
      env:
        NODE_ENV: development
      ports:
        - 80
      volumes:
```



```
- my_docker_volume:/volume_mount
options: --cpus 1
```

- jobs.<job\_id>.container.options

附加docker容器资源选项

- jobs.<job\_id>.services

为ci提供服务

services:

nginx:

image: nginx

volumes:

- my\_docker\_volume:/volume\_mount

- /data/my\_data

- /source/directory:/destination/directory

ports:

- 8080:80

redis:

image: redis

ports:

- 6379/tcp

## 非卖品

项目地址: <https://github.com/ferried/animal-crossing-cli>

action地址: [https://github.com/ferried/animal-crossing-cli/runs/648812568?check\\_suite\\_focus=true](https://github.com/ferried/animal-crossing-cli/runs/648812568?check_suite_focus=true)

name: Go

on:

push:

branches: [ devp ]

pull\_request:

branches: [ devp ]

jobs:

release:

name: release

runs-on: ubuntu-latest

steps:

- name: setup go

uses: actions/setup-go@v2

with:

go-version: ^1.13

id: go

- name: checkout code

uses: actions/checkout@v2

```
- name: install dependencies
run: |
  go get -v -t -d ./...
  if [ -f Gopkg.toml ]; then
    curl https://raw.githubusercontent.com/golang/dep/master/install.sh | sh
    dep ensure
  fi

- name: test code
run: go test
```