



链滴

springboot2 配置 druid 数据库连接池

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1588341774775>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

注意配置以下的依赖:

```
<!-- 引入druid数据源-->
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.alibaba</groupId>
  <artifactId>druid</artifactId>
  <version>1.1.8</version>
</dependency>

<!-- alibaba的druid数据库连接池 -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.alibaba</groupId>
  <artifactId>druid-spring-boot-starter</artifactId>
  <version>1.1.0</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>mysql</groupId>
  <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
  <!-- 注意修改mysql的版本-->
  <scope>8.0.12</scope>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>log4j</groupId>
  <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
  <version>1.2.17</version>
</dependency>
```

代码如下:

```
@Configuration
public class DruidConfig {

    @ConfigurationProperties(prefix = "spring.datasource")
    @Bean
    public DataSource druid() {
        return new DruidDataSource();
    }

    // 配置Druid的监控
    // 1、配置一个管理后台的Servlet
    public ServletRegistrationBean statViewServlet() {
        ServletRegistrationBean bean = new ServletRegistrationBean(new StatViewServlet(), "/druid/*");
        Map<String,String> initParams = new HashMap<>();
        initParams.put("loginUsername", "admin");
        initParams.put("loginPassword", "123456");
        initParams.put("allow", "localhost"); //默认就是允许所有访问
        initParams.put("deny", "192.168.1.103");
        bean.setInitParameters(initParams);
        return bean;
    }
}
```

```
// 2、配置一个web监控的filter
@Bean
public FilterRegistrationBean WebStatFilter() {
    FilterRegistrationBean bean = new FilterRegistrationBean();
    bean.setFilter(new WebStatFilter());

    Map<String,String> initParams = new HashMap<>();
    // 配置不拦截的静态资源文件
    initParams.put("exclusion","*.js,*.css,/druid/*");
    bean.setInitParameters(initParams);
    // 拦截所有请求
    bean.setUrlPatterns(Arrays.asList("/*"));
    return bean;
}
}
```