



链滴

服务器安装 redis

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1574413936090>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)



1. 安装redis数据库

```
yum install redis
```

2. 下载fedora的epel仓库

```
yum install epel-release
```

3. 启动redis服务

```
systemctl start redis
```

4. 停止服务

```
systemctl stop redis
```

5. 重启服务

```
systemctl restart redis
```

6. 设置开机自启动

```
systemctl enable redis
```

7. 查看redis进程

```
ps -ef | grep redis
```

8. 开放端口号

```
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=80/tcp --permanent
```

```
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=6379/tcp --permanent
```

9.重启防火墙

```
systemctl restart firewalld
```

10.查看端口

```
netstat -lnp|grep 6379
```

11.设置redis 远程连接和密码

```
vi /etc/redis.conf
```

将bind前面的#去掉

```
# IF YOU ARE SURE YOU WANT YOUR INSTANCE TO LISTEN TO ALL THE INTERFACES
# JUST COMMENT THE FOLLOWING LINE.
# ~~~~~
bind 127.0.0.1
```

将保护模式设置为 no

```
# Even if no authentication is configured, nor a specific set of interfaces
# are explicitly listed using the "bind" directive,
protected-mode no

# Accept connections on the specified port, default is 6379 (IANA #815344).
```

修改密码

```
# requirepass foobared
requirepass Puck0425. ← 新添加一行设置你的密码
# Command renaming.
#
-- INSERT --
```

保存并退出

```
:wq
```

重启redis

```
systemctl restart redis
```