



链滴

ansible 普通用户使用 sudo 管理

作者: [Smiteli](#)

原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1572850842505>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

hosts文件

```
[redis]
# the redis of tyrz
192.168.0.1 ansible_user=tyrz ansible_password=T@369.com ansible_become_user=root ansible_become_password=123456
192.168.0.2 ansible_user=tyrz ansible_password=T@369.com ansible_become_user=root ansible_become_password=123456
192.168.0.3 ansible_user=tyrz ansible_password=T@369.com ansible_become_user=root ansible_become_password=123456
```

使用:

```
ansible redis -m shell -a "chage -l tyrz" --become
```

参考:

```
ansible tyrz -m shell -a 'chage -E -1 tyrz;chage -M 99999 tyrz' --become
chage -E -1 tyrz;chage -M 99999 tyrz
```

```
ansible redis -m shell -a "chage -l tyrz" --become --become-user root [--ask-become-pass]
```

```
ansible_become_password=Ysspaas@2019
```

```
ansible oldtifsso -m shell -a "ls /root" --become
```

```
ansible oldtifsso -m synchronize -a "src=/data/solution/tifsso/page/ dest=/data/solution/tifsso/page/ archive=yes delete=yes" --become
```