

模拟 Spring 的 bean 加载过程

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来源网站: [链滴](#)

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一天不学习就感觉浑身痒痒，忽然想写一篇东西来记录自己学习的点点滴滴，哈哈，学习之路还很长不要轻易说放弃。

下面通过工厂模式简单的对spring的bean加载过程进行模拟：

改造前：

dao层

```
public class UserDaoImpl implements IUserDao {  
    public void saveUser() {  
        System.out.println("保存成功");  
    }  
}
```

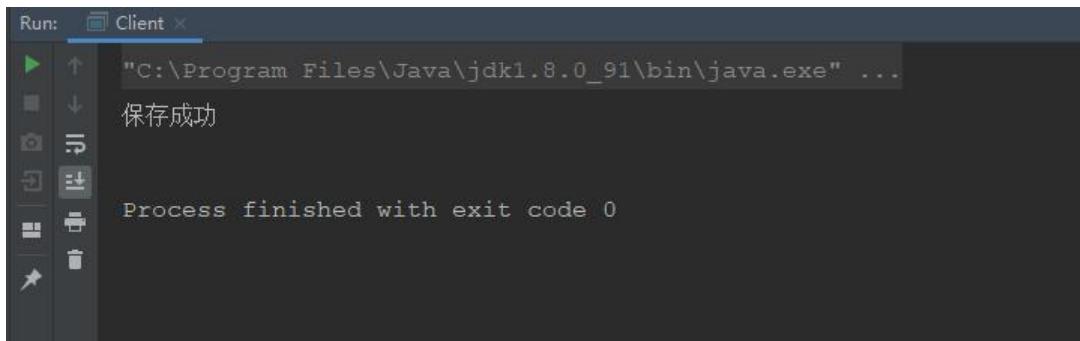
service层

```
public class UserServiceImpl implements IUserService {  
    private UserDaoImpl userDao=new UserDaoImpl();  
    public void saveUser() {  
        userDao.saveUser();  
    }  
}
```

client

```
public class Client {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        UserServiceImpl service = new UserServiceImpl();
```

```
        service.saveUser();
    }
}
```



改造后：

bean.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans>

    <bean id="userDao" class="com.gary.dao.impl.UserDaolmpl"></bean>
    <bean id="userService" class="com.gary.service.impl.Userservicempl"></bean>

</beans>
```

BeanFactory

```
public class BeanFactory {
    /**
     * 定义一个map容器，存入要创建的对象名(key)与实例对象(value)
     */
    private static Map<String, Object> beans;
    private static SAXReader reader;
    static {
        try {
            beans = new HashMap<String, Object>();
            reader = new SAXReader();
            //从xml获取数据
            Document document = reader.read(BeanFactory.class.getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream("bean.xml"));
            //获取根元素,如<beans>
            Element root = document.getRootElement();
            //获取子元素, 如<bean>
            List<Element> elements = root.elements();
            String key = null;
            String beanPath = null;
            Object value = null;
            for (Element element : elements) {
                //拿到xml id的值
                key = element.attributeValue("id");
                value = element.attributeValue("class");
                if (key != null && value != null) {
                    try {
                        Class clazz = Class.forName(value);
                        value = clazz.newInstance();
                    } catch (Exception e) {
                        e.printStackTrace();
                    }
                    beans.put(key, value);
                }
            }
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

```

//拿到xml class的值
beanPath = element.attributeValue("class");
//通过反射实例化对象
value = Class.forName(beanPath).newInstance();
//把对象存入容器
beans.put(key, value);
}
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}

/**
 * 创建对象
 * @param beanName
 * @return
 */
public static Object getBean(String beanName) {
    return beans.get(beanName);
}
}

```

dao层

```

public class UserDaoImpl implements IUserDao {
    public void saveUser() {
        System.out.println("保存成功");
    }
}

```

service层

```

public class UserServiceImpl implements IUserService {
    private IUserDao userDao = (IUserDao) BeanFactory.getBean("userDao");
    public void saveUser() {
        userDao.saveUser();
    }
}

```

client

```

public class Client {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        IUserService service = (IUserService) BeanFactory.getBean("userService");
        service.saveUser();
    }
}

```

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_91\bin\java.exe" ...
保存成功

Process finished with exit code 0
```