[每日 LeetCode] 674. Longest Continuou s Increasing Subsequence

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- 原文链接: https://ld246.com/article/1555253813703
- 来源网站:链滴
- 许可协议: 署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 (CC BY-SA 4.0)

Description:

Given an unsorted array of integers, find the length of longest continuous increasing subsequ nce (subarray).

Example 1:

```
Input: [1,3,5,4,7]
Output: 3
Explanation: The longest continuous increasing subsequence is [1,3,5], its length is 3.
Even though [1,3,5,7] is also an increasing subsequence, it's not a continuous one where 5 and
7 are separated by 4.
```

Example 2:

Input: [2,2,2,2,2] Output: 1 Explanation: The longest continuous increasing subsequence is [2], its length is 1.

Note:

Length of the array will not exceed 10,000.

思路:本题要求数组中连续最大的递增子序列个数。直接遍历数组,若递增,计数器加1,并及时更最大长度。

C++代码

```
class Solution {
public:
  int findLengthOfLCIS(vector<int>& nums) {
     int size = nums.size();
     if (size == 0)
       return 0;
     int m = 1, count = 1;
     for (int i=0; i<size-1; i++){
       if (nums[i+1] > nums[i])
          m = max(m, ++count);
       }
       else
          cur = 1;
     }
     return m;
  }
};
```

运行时间:24ms

运行内存: 9.3M