

## 经过一下午的奋斗终于删除了 windows 安 装了 arch+kde

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- 原文链接: https://ld246.com/article/1552386935660
- 来源网站:链滴
- 许可协议: 署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 (CC BY-SA 4.0)

```
<h2 id="先放张图">先放张图</h2>
<img src="https://ld246.com/images/img-loading.svg" alt="image.png" data-src="https:
/b3logfile.com/file/2019/03/image-02a0f156.png?imageView2/2/interlace/1/format/jpg"></
<h2 id="安装过程">安装过程</h2>
<em>安装过程无法截图就只有命令了</em>
<h3 id="准备">准备</h3>
< 0 >
\langle | \rangle
<h4 id="下载-Archlinux">下载 <a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=http%3A%2F%2Fmi
rors.163.com%2Farchlinux%2Fiso%2F2019.03.01%2F" target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">Ar
hlinux</a></h4>
我试了一下验证签名
<code>qpg --keyserver pqp.mit.edu --keyserver-options auto-key-retrieve --verify archli
ux- version -x86 64.iso.sig</code>
>没通过,就跳过了。
<h4 id="live-环境--USB-flash-">live 环境 (USB flash) </h4>
< u >
<1i>
windows 环境用 <a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Frufus.ie%2F">https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Frufus.ie%2F</a>
target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">Rufus</a> 制作了 live 环境
<em>刚开始试了 UltralSO 没启动成功</em>
<1i>
<其他系统参照 <a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Fwiki.archlinux."
rg%2Findex.php%2FUSB flash installation media %28%25E7%25AE%2580%25E4%25BD%25
3%25E4%25B8%25AD%25E6%2596%2587%29" target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">USB flas
installation media (简体中文)</a>
</0|>
<h3 id="安装系统">安装系统</h3>
<0>
\langle | \rangle
各份好数据重启从 U 盘进入 live 环境
\langle | i \rangle
>分区
< u >
\langle | \rangle
查看磁盘的信息 <code>fdisk -l</code>
\langle | \rangle
可以硬盘全部写 0 <code>dd if=/dev/zero of=/dev/sda bs=16M</code>
\langle | \rangle
<code>/dev/sda</code> 磁盘是要安装系统地方
<code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre>
cl">fdisk  /dev/sda
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">m # 帮助
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">d # 删除已有分区
```

```
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">n # 创建新分区
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">w # 保存分区
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">q # 退出重新开始
</span></span></code>
<img src="https://ld246.com/images/img-loading.svg" alt="image.png" data-src="https:
/b3logfile.com/file/2019/03/image-22324df3.png?imageView2/2/interlace/1/format/jpg"></
<img src="https://ld246.com/images/img-loading.svg" alt="image.png" data-src="https:
/b3logfile.com/file/2019/03/image-b70fad6d.png?imageView2/2/interlace/1/format/jpg"></
引导 <code>/boot/efi</code> 的 <code>/dev/sda1</code> 分区 容量要 150M+ 我分了
56M
。如果你的人们的意思,我们的意思。
k目录 <code>/</code> 的 <code>/dev/sda3</code> 分区 100G
>剩余的的 <code>/dev/sda4</code> 用来存放数据防止系统崩溃,这个分区可以挂在/home
也可以挂在其他地方
\langle | \rangle
格式化
<code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre>
cl">mkfs.vfat -F32 /dev/sda1
</span></span></span></span> class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mkswap /dev/sda
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">swapon /dev/sda2
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mkfs.ext4 /dev/sd
3
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mkfs.ext4 /dev/sd
4
</span></span></code>
\langle | \rangle
挂载
<code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre>
cl">mount /dev/sda3 /mnt
</span></span></span></span> class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mkdir -p /mnt/bo
t/efi
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mkdir -p /mnt/srv
data
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mount /dev/sda1
mnt/boot/efi
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">mount /dev/sda4
mnt/srv/data
</span></span></code>
<code>/dev/sda4</code> 没有挂在 <code>/home</code> 防止小电影被发现
<1i>
>现在磁盘情况
<img src="https://ld246.com/images/img-loading.svg" alt="image.png" data-src="https:
/b3logfile.com/file/2019/03/image-47c4c98f.png?imageView2/2/interlace/1/format/jpg"></
>
```

 $\langle | \rangle$ >安装系统 <u><code>vi /etc/pacman.conf</code> <code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre> cl">[archlinuxcn] </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">SigLevel = Option I TrustAll </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">Server= http://re o.archlinuxcn.org/\$arch </span></span></code> 添加了一个仓库 <code>vi /etc/pacman.d/mirrorlist</code> <code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre> cl">Server = http://mirrors.163.com/archlinux/\$repo/os/\$arch </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">Server = http://mi rors.zju.edu.cn/archlinux/\$repo/os/\$arch </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">Server = http://mi rors.163.com/archlinux/\$repo/os/\$arch </span></span></code> 把网易的影像仓库放在前边 更新源 <code>pacman -Syy</code> 安装系统核心 <code>pacstrap /mnt base base-devel vim</code> 生成 fstab <code>genfstab -U -p /mnt &gt;&gt; /mnt/etc/fstab</code> 结回到主目录: <code>arch-chroot /mnt /bin/bash</code>, 这时会发现提示符变化了 设置时间 <code>In -s /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Shanghai /etc/localtime</code> <br> <c de>hwclock --systohc --utc</code> 添加主机名 <code>echo "rachlinux" /etc/hostname</code> 这个是默认的 rachlinux 密码 <code>passwd root</code> 开机联网 <code>systemctl start dhcpcd &amp;&amp; systemctl enable dhcpcd</code> /li> <定装置 <code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre> cl">mkdir /boot/efi/EFI/boot </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S grub-e i-x86 64 </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S efiboo mar </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S os-pro er </span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">grub-install --efi-d rectory=/boot/efi --bootloader-id=grub </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">cp /boot/efi/EFI/g ub/grubx64.efi /boot/efi/EFI/boot/bootx64.efi </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">grub-mkconfig -o boot/grub/grub.cfg </span></span></code> 却载分区并重启机器 <code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight</pre> cl">exit </span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">umount /mnt/boo /efi

```
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">umount /mnt
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">reboot
</span></span></code>
</0|>
<h3 id="安装桌面">安装桌面</h3>
<code class="highlight-chroma"><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight
cl">pacman -S xorg xorg-xinit
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S xf86-v
deo-nouveau # N卡如果是集成intel显卡的`pacman -S xf86-video-intel`
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S alsa-uti
s pulseaudio pulseaudio-alsa libcanberra-pulse libcanberra-gstreamer jack2-dbus # 声卡
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">useradd -m -k /et
/skel -G users, wheel lbb
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">passwd lbb
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S kf5 kf5
aids
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S plasma
kdebase kdegraphics-ksnapshot gwenview
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -R plasm
-mediacenter
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S sddm
ddm-kcm
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">systemctl enable
ddm
</span></span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">pacman -S kde-l1
n-zh cn
</span></span><span class="highlight-line"><span class="highlight-cl">reboot
</span></span></code>
<h2 id="资料">资料</h2>
< u >
<a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Fwiki.archlinux.org%2Findex.</li>
hp%2FInstallation guide %28%25E7%25AE%2580%25E4%25BD%2593%25E4%25B8%25AD%
5E6%2596%2587%29" target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">Installation guide (简体中文)</a>
/li>
<a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cnblogs.com%2Fblues">https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cnblogs.com%2Fblues
orm%2Fp%2F5929172.html" target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">Arch Linux 安装、配置、美
和优化</a>
<a href="https://ld246.com/forward?goto=https%3A%2F%2Fblog.csdn.net%2Fu0109689"
7%2Farticle%2Fdetails%2F52012291" target=" blank" rel="nofollow ugc">UEFI+GPT+KDE5+
rchlinux 安装教程</a><br>
[poll1552386677786]
```