

linux 机器之间配置 ssh 免密登陆

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1545993009180>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

SSH服务简介

root用户的互信在维护监控时可有可无，hadoop用户的互信最好配置上。

1. ssh-keygen 创建公钥 (Public Key) 和密钥 (Private Key) 。
2. ssh-copy-id 把本地主机的公钥复制到远程主机的authorized_keys文件上。也会给远程主机的用主目录 (home) 和 ~/.ssh, 和 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys设置合适的权限?
3. 我们使用client端去登陆server端免密码输入。

IClient 必须制作 Public & Private 这两把 keys, 且 Private Key需放到 ~/.ssh/ 内;

IServer 必须要有 Public Key, 且放置到用户家目录下的 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys, 同时目录的权限 (ssh/) 必须是 700 而目录文件则必须为 644, 同时文件的拥有者与群组都必须与该账号吻合才行。

安装步骤:

1. 步骤1: 用 ssh-key-gen 在本地主机上创建公钥和密钥 `ssh-keygen -t rsa`
2. 步骤2: 用 ssh-copy-id 把公钥复制到远程主机上 `ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub? root@192.68.6.102`
3. 步骤3: 直接登录远程主机 `ssh 192.168.6.102`

示例:

```
[breath@nagios1 ~]$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa): [Enter key]
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): [Enter key]
Enter same passphrase again: [Enter key]
Your identification has been saved in /home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
cd:5a:2a:bb:4a:49:97:8a:2d:70:19:18:60:56:9c:78 breath@nagios1
The key's randomart image is:
+--[ RSA 2048 ]-----+
|+O+..          |
|O+ E           |
|.O             |
| o . o        |
|.o . o S +     |
|O + + +       |
| o = . o      |
| o o          |
| ..O.         |
```

```
[breath@nagios1 ~]$ cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4
::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6
192.168.80.131 nagios1
192.168.80.132 nagios2
[breath@nagios1 ~]$ ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub breath@192.168.80.132
breath@192.168.80.132's password:
Now try logging into the machine, with "ssh 'breath@192.168.80.132'", and check in:
```

```
.ssh/authorized_keys
to make sure we haven't added extra keys that you weren't expecting.
[breath@nagios1 ~]$ ssh nagios2
Last login: Mon Sep  1 16:35:04 2014 from nagios1
[breath@nagios2 ~]$ exit
logout
Connection to nagios2 closed.
```

集群统一配置步骤

集群内由于服务器较多，单个设置较繁琐，所以思路是将一台服务器生成密钥公钥然后传输到其他服务器上，即可免密。设置之前确认集群内服务器无已经存在的密钥，否则会覆盖，造成已经存在密钥失效。

```
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ cd ~/.ssh/
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa): [Enter key]
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): [Enter key]
Enter same passphrase again: [Enter key]
Your identification has been saved in /home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /home/breath/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
82:77:58:ca:bb:34:d4:27:4b:89:b0:83:6e:c8:3e:ad breath@nagios1
The key's randomart image is:
+--[ RSA 2048]-----+
|
|   . .
|  . = * .
| . + O S .
|o  + = +
|..+  + .
|o . . o
|Eo .
+-----+
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ ls -lrt
total 8
-rw-r--r-- 1 breath breath 396 Sep  1 16:53 id_rsa.pub
-rw----- 1 breath breath 1675 Sep  1 16:53 id_rsa
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ cp id_rsa.pub authorized_keys
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ chmod 600 authorized_keys
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ scp * nagios2:~/.ssh/
The authenticity of host 'nagios2 (192.168.80.132)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is b8:42:c9:d5:c0:ed:a4:58:4a:bc:92:96:0b:a2:0d:96.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'nagios2,192.168.80.132' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
breath@nagios2's password: [input password for breath@nagios2]
authorized_keys           100% 396   0.4KB/s  00:00
id_rsa                    100% 1675   1.6KB/s  00:00
id_rsa.pub                100% 396   0.4KB/s  00:00
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$
[breath@nagios1 .ssh]$ ssh nagios2
Last login: Mon Sep  1 16:53:08 2014 from nagios1
```