



链滴

# nvidia-docker2.0 GPU 隔离

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来源网站: [链滴](#)

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通过环境变量来隔离

## NVIDIA\_VISIBLE\_DEVICES

容器可以使用哪些GPU

- **0,1,2** GPU编号, 多个逗号隔开
- **all**: 所有GPU, nvidia官方的镜像默认是这个选项
- **none**: 没有GPU, 但是容器内部会映射GPU驱动
- **empty**: **nvidia-container-runtime** will have the same behavior as **runc**.

## NVIDIA\_DRIVER\_CAPABILITIES

This option controls which driver libraries/binaries will be mounted inside the container.

- **compute**: required for CUDA and OpenCL applications,
- **compat32**: required for running 32-bit applications,
- **graphics**: required for running OpenGL and Vulkan applications,
- **utility**: required for using **nvidia-smi** and NVML,
- **video**: required for using the Video Codec SDK.

还有几个环境变量未做测试, 可以点击进入[GitHub](#)查看。

几个感兴趣的问题可以参考下:

### Is OpenGL supported?

No, OpenGL is not supported at the moment and there is no plan to support OpenGL+GLX in the near future.

OpenGL+EGL however will be supported and [this issue](#) will be updated accordingly.

If you are a [NGC](#) subscriber and require GLX for your workflow, please fill out a [feature request](#) for support consideration.

### Do you support CUDA Multi Process Service (a.k.a. MPS)?

No, MPS is not supported at the moment. However we plan on supporting this feature in the future, and [this issue](#) will be updated accordingly.

### Do you support running a GPU-accelerated X server inside the container?

No, running a X server inside the container is not supported at the moment and there is no plan to support it in the near future (see also [OpenGL support](#)).

### Why is **nvidia-smi** inside the container not listing the running processes?

[nvidia-smi](#) and NVML are not compatible with [PID namespaces](#).

We recommend monitoring your processes on the host or inside a container using `--pid=host`.

## Can I limit the GPU resources (e.g. bandwidth, memory, CUDA cores) taken by a container?

No. Your only option is to set the GPU clocks at a lower frequency before starting the container.

## What do I have to install in my container images?

Library dependencies vary from one application to another. In order to make things easier for developers, we provide a set of [official images](#) to base your images on.

## Can I use the GPU during a container build (i.e. [docker build](#))?

Yes, as long as you [configure your Docker daemon](#) to use the [nvidia](#) runtime as the default, you will be able to have build-time GPU support. However, be aware that this can render your images non-portable (see also [invalid device function](#)).

## The official CUDA images are too big, what do I do?

The [devel image tags](#) are large since the CUDA toolkit ships with many libraries, a compiler and various command-line tools.

As a general rule of thumb, you shouldn't ship your application with its build-time dependencies. We recommend to use [multi-stage builds](#) for this purpose. Your final container image should use our [runtime](#) or [base](#) images.

As of CUDA 9.0 we now ship a [base image tag](#) which bundles the strict minimum of dependencies.

## Do you support Kubernetes?

Since Kubernetes 1.8, the recommended way is to use our official [device plugin](#). Note that this is still alpha support.