

Latke Code View - Event

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这个包的设计思路理解起来有点困难（没有看注释，一堆英文也不是很好看.....）暂且挂着，日后温知新吧。

我的目的也是先过一遍，有个大致印象。

org.b3log.latke.event.AbstractEventListener

```
public abstract class AbstractEventListener<T> implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    public abstract String getEventType();
    final void performAction(final AbstractEventQueue eventQueue, final Event<?> event) throws EventException {
        final Event<T> eventObject = (Event<T>) event;
        try {
            action(eventObject);
        } catch (final Exception e) {
        } finally { // remove event from event queue
            if (eventQueue instanceof SynchronizedEventQueue) {
                final SynchronizedEventQueue synchronizedEventQueue = (SynchronizedEventQueue) eventQueue;
                synchronizedEventQueue.removeEvent(eventObject);
            }
        }
    }
    public abstract void action(final Event<T> event) throws EventException;
}
```

- 搜了一下，想来接口和抽象类的主要不同之处应该在于，后者只能单继承，并且能提供具体实现，加新的方法时继承类不会报错。
- performAction提供了实现，子类继承后也拥有这个功能，通过这个共用（各自都有的）调用抽象各自实现的），就可以实现通用功能。有点像用词造句，大家都用的“因为、所以”这个词，但是造句子各不一样。
- finally这段代码看着有点莫名其妙，因为此处没见入队，只有出队。大概在后文

org.b3log.latke.event.AbstractEventQueue

```
public abstract class AbstractEventQueue {
    private boolean changed = false;
    private Map<String, List<AbstractEventListener<?>>> listeners = new HashMap<String, List<AbstractEventListener<?>>>();
    //绑定事件监听器。传入的监听器不能为空，事件类型不能为空。
    synchronized void addListener(final AbstractEventListener<?> listener) {
        if (null == listener) {
            throw new NullPointerException();
        }
        final String eventType = listener.getEventType();

        if (null == eventType) {
            throw new NullPointerException();
        }
        List<AbstractEventListener<?>> listenerList = listeners.get(eventType);
```

```

        if (null == listenerList) {
            listenerList = new ArrayList<AbstractEventListener<?>>();
            listeners.put(eventType, listenerList);
        }
        listenerList.add(listener);
    }
    synchronized void deleteListener(final AbstractEventListener<?> listener) {
        final String eventType = listener.getEventType();
        if (null == eventType) {
            throw new NullPointerException();
        }
        final List<AbstractEventListener<?>> listenerList = listeners.get(eventType);
        if (null != listenerList) {
            listenerList.remove(listener);
        }
    }
    public void notifyListeners() throws EventException {
        notifyListeners(null);
    }
    public void notifyListeners(final Event<?> event) throws EventException {
        AbstractEventListener<?>[] arrLocal = null;
        synchronized (this) {
            if (!changed) {
                return;
            }
            final String eventType = event.getType();
            final List<AbstractEventListener<?>> listenerList = listeners.get(eventType);
            final AbstractEventListener<?>[] types = new AbstractEventListener<?>[1];
            if (null != listenerList && !listenerList.isEmpty()) {
                /**Not understand***/
                arrLocal = listenerList.<AbstractEventListener<?>>toArray(types);
                clearChanged();
            }
        }
        if (null != arrLocal) {
            for (int i = arrLocal.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
                arrLocal[i].performAction(this, event);
            }
        }
    }
    public synchronized void deleteListeners() {
        listeners.clear();
    }
    protected synchronized void setChanged() {
        changed = true;
    }
    protected synchronized void clearChanged() {
        changed = false;
    }
    public synchronized boolean hasChanged() {
        return changed;
    }
    public synchronized int countListeners() {
        return listeners.size();
    }

```

```
}  
}
```

- synchronized括号内的参数传递有什么讲究么?
- **notifyListeners**看起来是通知监听器触发事件用。如果没有获取到对应的监听器，**toArray**的作用什么？**change**是什么？

org.b3log.latke.event.Event

```
public final class Event<T> {  
    private String type;  
    private T data;  
    public Event(final String type, final T data) {  
        this.type = type;  
        this.data = data;  
    }  
    public String getType() {  
        return type;  
    }  
    public T getData() {  
        return data;  
    }  
}
```

org.b3log.latke.event.EventException

```
public final class EventException extends Exception {  
    public EventException() {  
        super("Event exception!");  
    }  
    public EventException(final Throwable throwable) {  
        super(throwable);  
    }  
    public EventException(final String msg) {  
        super(msg);  
    }  
}
```

- 自定义异常类，并没有具体实现.....

org.b3log.latke.event.EventManager

```
import org.b3log.latke.repository.jdbc.JdbcRepository;  
import org.b3log.latke.thread.local.LocalThreadService;  
@Named("LatkeBuiltInEventManager")  
@Singleton  
public class EventManager {  
    private SynchronizedEventQueue synchronizedEventQueue = new SynchronizedEventQueue(this);  
    public void fireEventSynchronously(final Event<?> event) throws EventException {  
        synchronizedEventQueue.fireEvent(event);  
    }  
}
```

```

    public <T> Future<T> fireEventAsynchronously(final Event<?> event) throws EventExcepti
n {
    final FutureTask<T> futureTask = new FutureTask<T>(new Callable<T>() {
        @Override
        public T call() throws Exception {
            synchronizedEventQueue.fireEvent(event);
            JdbcRepository.dispose(); // close the JDBC connection which might have been used
            return null; // XXX: Our future????
        }
    });
    LocalThreadService.EXECUTOR_SERVICE.execute(futureTask);
    return futureTask;
}
public void registerListener(final AbstractEventListener<?> eventListener) {
    synchronizedEventQueue.addListener(eventListener);
}
public void unregisterListener(final AbstractEventListener<?> eventListener) {
    synchronizedEventQueue.deleteListener(eventListener);
}
}

```

- ****new FutrureTask**那段代码块叫什么来着？匿名类？匿名实例化？**唉.....

org.b3log.latke.event.SynchronizedEventQueue

```

final class SynchronizedEventQueue extends AbstractEventQueue {
    private Map<String, List<Event<?>>> synchronizedEvents = new HashMap<String, List<E
ent<?>>>();
    private EventManager eventManager;
    SynchronizedEventQueue(final EventManager eventManager) {
        this.eventManager = eventManager;
    }
    synchronized void fireEvent(final Event<?> event) throws EventException {
        final String eventType = event.getType();
        List<Event<?>> events = synchronizedEvents.get(eventType);
        if (null == events) {
            events = new ArrayList<Event<?>>();
            synchronizedEvents.put(eventType, events);
        }
        events.add(event);
        setChanged();
        notifyListeners(event);
    }
    void removeEvent(final Event<?> event) {
        synchronizedEvents.get(event.getType()).remove(event);
    }
}

```