



链滴

Latke 代码阅读 - 1 Latke.java

作者: [ZephyrJung](#)

原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1476621625312>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

大致的代码结构：

- java
 - cache,cron,event,image,intercept,ioc
 - logging,mail,model,plugin,remote,repository
 - service,servlet,taskqueue,thread,urlfetch,user,util
 - **Latkes.java**
 - Keys.java,Runtimetabase.java,RuntimeEnv.java,RuntimeMode.java
- json
- weborganic
- resources
 - beans.xml

Latkes.java下面那一行涉及的代码基本没有逻辑，全是枚举或者常量值的定义，想来无可研究。

开始的字段定义继续忽略，首先是静态代码块（删去了LOGGER）：

```
static {  
    try {  
        final InputStream resourceAsStream = Latkes.class.getResourceAsStream("/latke.properties");  
        if (null != resourceAsStream) {  
            LATKE_PROPS.load(resourceAsStream);  
        }  
    } catch (final Exception e) {  
        throw new RuntimeException("Not found latke.properties");  
    }  
    try {  
        final InputStream resourceAsStream = Latkes.class.getResourceAsStream("/local.properties");  
        if (null != resourceAsStream) {  
            LOCAL_PROPS.load(resourceAsStream);  
        }  
    } catch (final Exception e) {  
    }  
    try {  
        final InputStream resourceAsStream = Latkes.class.getResourceAsStream("/remote.properties");  
        if (null != resourceAsStream) {  
            REMOTE_PROPS.load(resourceAsStream);  
        }  
    } catch (final Exception e) {  
    }  
}
```

需要注意的点：

- 静态代码块，意味着这段代码将在类实例化的时候首先得到执行

- Latkes.class.getResourceAsStream，这个用法不知是什么
- LATKE_PROPS是Properties类型

接下来大部分是从properties文件里获取配置的方法，不一一列举，如：

```
public static String getStaticResourceVersion() {
    //如果没有值，则从配置文件中读取，否则直接返回
    if (null == staticResourceVersion) {
        staticResourceVersion = LATKE_PROPS.getProperty("staticResourceVersion");
        //如果没有读取到，则赋予默认值
        if (null == staticResourceVersion) {
            staticResourceVersion = startupTimeMillis;
        }
    }
    return staticResourceVersion;
}
```

初始化运行环境，Starter类会调用该方法：

```
public static void initRuntimeEnv() {
    if (null != runtimeEnv) {
        return;
    }
    final String runtimeEnvValue = LATKE_PROPS.getProperty("runtimeEnv"); //latke.properties
    if (null != runtimeEnvValue) {
        //如果不为空，说明配置里有设置，读取设置
        runtimeEnv = RuntimeEnv.valueOf(runtimeEnvValue);
    }
    //配置为空，设置为本地
    runtimeEnv = RuntimeEnv.LOCAL;
    //获取设置运行模式
    if (null == runtimeMode) {
        final String runtimeModeValue = LATKE_PROPS.getProperty("runtimeMode");
        if (null != runtimeModeValue) {
            runtimeMode = RuntimeMode.valueOf(runtimeModeValue);
        } else {
            runtimeMode = RuntimeMode.PRODUCTION;
        }
    }
    if (RuntimeEnv.LOCAL == runtimeEnv) {
        // Read local database configurations
        final RuntimeDatabase runtimeDatabase = getRuntimeDatabase();
        //local.properties
        if (RuntimeDatabase.H2 == runtimeDatabase) {
            final String newTCPServer = Latkes.getLocalProperty("newTCPServer");
            if ("true".equals(newTCPServer)) {
                final String jdbcURL = Latkes.getLocalProperty("jdbc.URL");
                if (Strings.isEmptyOrNull(jdbcURL)) {
                    throw new IllegalStateException("The jdbc.URL in local.properties is required");
                }
                final String[] parts = jdbcURL.split(":");
                if (parts.length != Integer.valueOf("5")/* CheckStyle.... */ ) {
                    throw new IllegalStateException("jdbc.URL should like [jdbc:h2:tcp://localhost:");
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

250/~/] (the port part is required)");
    }
    String port = parts[parts.length - 1];
    port = StringUtils.substringBefore(port, "/");
    try {
        h2 = org.h2.tools.Server.createTcpServer(new String[]{"-tcpPort", port, "-tcpAll
wOthers"}).start();
    } catch (final SQLException e) {
        final String msg = "H2 TCP server create failed";
        throw new IllegalStateException(msg);
    }
}
locale = new Locale("en_US");
}

```

- 这段代码中包含了当数据库是H2时的处理，大概时使用该数据库时要自己做的事情吧，毕竟是纯Java库，想来不必深究，其文档应该有说明。
- Locale类的作用意义不明。

关闭Latke

```

public static void shutdown() {
    try {
        if (RuntimeEnv.LOCAL != getRuntimeEnv()) {
            return;
        }
        //关闭数据库连接池
        Connections.shutdownConnectionPool();
        final RuntimeDatabase runtimeDatabase = getRuntimeDatabase();
        switch (runtimeDatabase) {
            case H2:
                final String newTCPServer = Latkes.getLocalProperty("newTCPServer");
                if ("true".equals(newTCPServer)) {
                    h2.stop();
                    h2.shutdown();
                }
                break;
            default:
        }
        //关闭定时任务
        CronService.shutdown();
        //关闭执行的线程
        LocalThreadService.EXECUTOR_SERVICE.shutdown();
    } catch (final Exception e) {
    }
    //停止应用生命周期
    Lifecycle.endApplication();
    // This manually deregisters JDBC driver, which prevents Tomcat from complaining about
memory leaks
    //注销数据库连接驱动
    final Enumeration<Driver> drivers = DriverManager.getDrivers();
    while (drivers.hasMoreElements()) {

```

```

        final Driver driver = drivers.nextElement();
        try {
            DriverManager.deregisterDriver(driver);
        } catch (final SQLException e) {
        }
    }
}

```

- Connections, CronService, LocalThreadService, Lifecycle均为b3log包下的类，此时暂不做进一研究。
- Driver为java.sql包下的类。

加载皮肤，这个看似跟MVC无关的内容，放在这里，有点琢磨不透，可能是因为预先想到了由不同的肤，而在公共的框架上提供了支持吧：

```

public static void loadSkin(final String skinDirName) {
    final ServletContext servletContext = AbstractServletListener.getServletContext();
    Templates.MAIN_CFG.setServletContextForTemplateLoading(servletContext, "skins/" + sk
nDirName);
    Latkes.setTimeZone("Asia/Shanghai");
}

```

- AbstractServletListener, Templates为b3log的类，暂不详查
- ServletContext有什么特殊的地方？

获取皮肤名称：

```

public static String getSkinName(final String skinDirName) {
    try {
        final Properties ret = new Properties();
        final File file = getWebFile("/skins/" + skinDirName + "/skin.properties");
        ret.load(new FileInputStream(file));
        return ret.getProperty("name");
    } catch (final Exception e) {
        return null;
    }
}

public static File getWebFile(final String path) {
    final ServletContext servletContext = AbstractServletListener.getServletContext();
    File ret;
    try {
        final URL resource = servletContext.getResource(path);
        if (null == resource) {
            return null;
        }
        ret = FileUtils.toFile(resource);
        if (null == ret) {
            final File tempdir = (File) servletContext.getAttribute("javax.servlet.context.tempdir")

            ret = new File(tempdir.getPath() + path);
            FileUtils.copyURLToFile(resource, ret);
            ret.deleteOnExit();
        }
    }
}

```

```
    return ret;
} catch (final Exception e) {
    return null;
}
```