



链滴

mongodb3.0.6使用

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原文链接: <https://ld246.com/article/1444894132804>

来源网站: [链滴](#)

许可协议: [署名-相同方式共享 4.0 国际 \(CC BY-SA 4.0\)](#)

- 启动

```
mongod --dbpath=/home/data
```

- 带权限启动

- 连接mongo admin 数据库

```
mongo admin
```

- 增加用户

```
db.createUser({user:'user',pwd:'123456',roles:[{role:'dbOwner',db:'userdb'}]})
```

- 以带权限方式启动

```
mongod --dbpath=/home/data --auth
```

- 带权限登录

```
mongo admin -u user -p 123456
```

- mongod 启动后在后台运行

- --fork 参数， 必须指定日志 --logpath=文件, --logappend用户日志文件向后追加

```
mongod --dbpath=/home/data --logappend --logpath=/home/log/mongod.log --fork
```

- fork后台运行如何关闭

```
kill - 9 pid 或 进入admin --> use admin --> db.shutdownServer();
```

- 推荐windows查看mongodb管理工具 robomongo,mongoVUE

- 开启权限后出现问题

1. sping boot 连接不上
2. mongodb管理工具也连接不上
3. mongo admin -u user -p 123456可以连接

原因是：mongodb 3后默认使用了 SCRAM-SHA-1 加密方式

解决方法：

修改数据库认证方式

* 关闭mongo服务，然后以未认证形式启动

* 修改system.version文档里面的authSchema版本为3，初始安装时候应该是5

```
> `use admin`  
> switched to db admin  
> var schema = db.system.version.findOne({_id : "authSchema"})  
> schema.currentVersion = 3  
> db.system.version.save(schema)  
> WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
```

* 原来创建的用户已经使用了SCRAM-SHA-1认证方式,需要删除后再新建

```
> db.dropUser("user")
```

```
> true
> db.createUser({user:'user',pwd:'123456',roles:[{role:'dbOwner',db:'userdb'}]})

* 参考 http://21jhf.iteye.com/blog/2216103
```

修改代码方式（但是数据库管理工具还是连不上）

- spring boot 配置参考：http://zjumty.iteye.com/blog/2198432?utm_source=tuicool

主要是两个类，一个MongoDBConfiguration

```
@Configuration
@EnableConfigurationProperties(MongoProperties.class)
public class MongoDBConfiguration {

    @Autowired
    private MongoProperties properties;
    @Autowired(required = false)
    private MongoClientOptions options;
    private Mongo mongo;
    @PreDestroy
    public void close() {
        if (this.mongo != null) {
            this.mongo.close();
        }
    }
    @Bean
    public Mongo mongo() throws UnknownHostException {
        this.mongo = mongoClient();
        return this.mongo;
    }

    public MongoClient mongoClient() throws UnknownHostException{
        return this.properties.createMongoClient(this.options);
    }
    @Bean
    public MongoDbFactory mongoDbFactory() throws Exception {
        return new SimpleMongoDbFactory(mongoClient(),"gsiao");
    }
}
```

和修改MongoProperties源码后的类，在项目下新建类org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.mongo.MongoProperties覆盖，
主要改地方是

```
public MongoClient createMongoClient(MongoClientOptions options)
    throws UnknownHostException {
    try {
        if (hasCustomAddress() || hasCustomCredentials()) {
            if (options == null) {
                options = MongoClientOptions.builder().build();
```

```
    }
    List<MongoCredential> credentials = null;
    if (hasCustomCredentials()) {
        String database = this.authenticationDatabase == null ? getMongoClientDatabase()
            : this.authenticationDatabase;
        credentials = Arrays.asList(MongoCredential.createScramSha1Credential(
            this.username, database, this.password));
    }
    String host = this.host == null ? "localhost" : this.host;
    int port = this.port == null ? DEFAULT_PORT : this.port;
    return new MongoClient(Arrays.asList(new ServerAddress(host, port)),
        credentials, options);
}
// The options and credentials are in the URI
return new MongoClient(new MongoClientURI(this.uri, builder(options)));
}
finally {
    clearPassword();
}
}
```